

CHEMISTRY 3.7 Paper 1

Describe aqueous systems using equilibrium principles

Credits: Five

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer **ALL** questions

You are advised to spend about 50 minutes answering these questions.

Question One: (Bursary 2003 Question 6: modified)

Hydrogen cyanide is a weak acid.

- a Write an equation for the reaction of HCN with water. A

- b The pK_a of HCN is 9.21 and the pK_a of CH_3COOH (ethanoic acid) is 4.76.

Circle the acid that is the stronger of the two. A

CH_3COOH

HCN

- c Calculate the pH of a $0.0100 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ solution of HCN ($K_a = 6.17 \times 10^{-10}$). A M

Question Two (Bursary 2003 Question 8: modified)

The following table shows the pH of some 0.1 mol L^{-1} aqueous solutions.

Compound	pH
HCl	1
CH_3COOH	3
$AlCl_3$	3
NH_4Cl	5
NH_3	11

- a i Estimate the pH of an aqueous solution of CH_3CH_2OH .

pH = _____ A

ii Explain why the pH of HCl is lower than the pH of CH₃COOH. A M

iii Write an equation to account for the pH of the AlCl₃ solution. A M

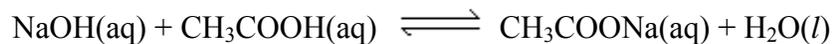
iv Show the relative concentrations of the species (other than water) in a 0.1 mol L⁻¹ solution of NH₄Cl by completing the sequence below. A M



v Compare the conductivity of the NH₄Cl solution with that of the NH₃ solution. Discuss the reasoning for your answer. A M E

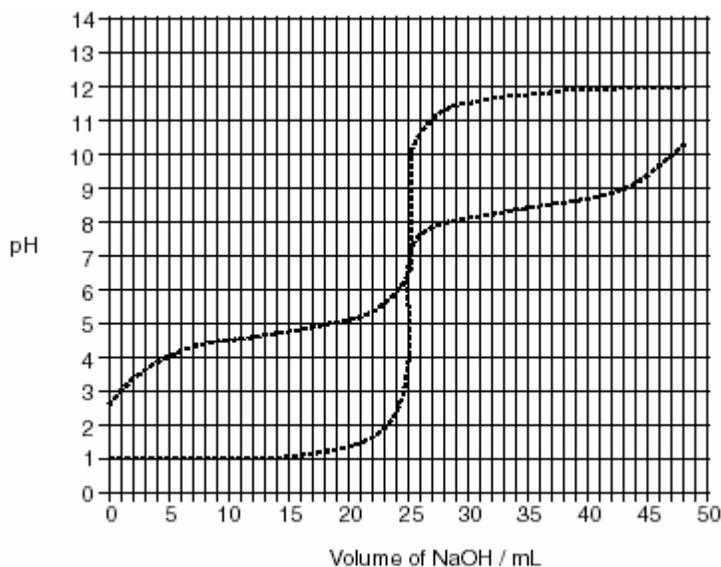
The concentration of an ethanoic acid solution ($\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}(\text{aq})$) can be determined by titration with sodium hydroxide solution of known concentration. 20.0 mL of an aqueous solution of ethanoic acid is pipetted into a conical flask and 0.100 mol L^{-1} sodium hydroxide solution is run in from the burette.

The equation for the reaction is:



- b i** Give ONE further instruction that would be necessary to experimentally determine the volume of sodium hydroxide needed to reach equivalence point. **A**

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- ii** Draw a line through the dots on the graph below to show the curve that best represents the titration of ethanoic acid solution with sodium hydroxide. **A**



- iii** Explain why the line you have drawn represents the titration between ethanoic acid and sodium hydroxide. **A M**

- iv** Calculate the concentration of the ethanoic acid solution used in the titration. **A**

v Mark and label a buffer region on the graph. A

vi Explain why the solution represented by this region of the graph has buffering properties. A M

vii At the equivalence point, the sodium ethanoate (CH_3COONa) concentration is $0.0556 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$.

Calculate the pH at the equivalence point. A M E

$$K_a(\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}) = 1.74 \times 10^{-5} \quad K_w = 1.00 \times 10^{-14}$$

viii Explain how the titration curve could be used to select a suitable indicator to determine the equivalence point of this titration. A M

Question Three

Silver salts are used extensively in the photographic industry. Silver bromide has a solubility of $1.33 \times 10^{-4} \text{ g L}^{-1}$.

a What is the solubility of silver bromide in mol L^{-1} ? **A**

b Write the equilibrium equation for the formation of saturated silver bromide solution. **A**

c Write the expression for K_s for silver bromide. **A**

d Calculate the value of K_s . **A M**

Question Four (Bursary 2003 Question 11: modified)

Barium salts are poisonous. A solution of $1.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ Ba}^{2+}$ ions will cause stomach upsets. Yet a 'barium meal', which contains a saturated solution of barium sulfate, can safely be given to patients before a stomach X-ray is taken.

- a i** Calculate the concentration of barium ions in a saturated solution of barium sulfate. **A M**
 $K_s (\text{BaSO}_4) = 1.1 \times 10^{-10}$

Magnesium sulfate is also present in a barium meal.

- ii** Explain how this helps reduce the concentration of aqueous barium ions. **A M**

- iii** 200 mL of 0.001 mol L^{-1} sodium sulfate is mixed with 200 mL of 0.001 mol L^{-1} barium chloride solution. Determine whether a precipitate will form. **A M E**

Benzoic acid, C_6H_5COOH , is a white solid that is used as a preservative in fruit juices. It inhibits growth of micro-organisms, and is found to work best at pH values below 5. The reaction of benzoic acid with water can be represented by the following equation:



b i Write the K_a expression for benzoic acid. **A**

ii Deduce whether the benzoic acid molecule or the benzoate ion will be present in the higher concentration in a fruit juice that has a pH of 4. **A M E**
